



# Jordan High Note Grade 8 Semester 2

### Workbook

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### Publisher: The National Center for Curriculum Development

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The Ministry of Education has decided to adopt this book for Jordanian schools in accordance with the approval of the Higher Council of the National Center for Curriculum Development in its meeting No. 8/2025 on 16/10/2025 and the approval of the Board of Education decision No. 217/2025 in its meeting No. 5/2025 on 04/12/2025 for the 2025/2026 academic year.

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ISBN: 978-9923-863-33-6

The Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan

Deposit number by the National Library Department
(2025/10/6141)

### Primary indexing data for the book

**Book title** Jordan High Note, Grade 8: Workbook, Semester 2 **Prepared by / staff** Jordan National Center for Curriculum Development

**Publication data** Amman: National Center for Curriculum Development, 2025

**Classification number** 375.001

**Descriptors** /Curriculum Development//Courses//Levels of Education/

**Edition data** First edition

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# Jordan High Note Grade 8 Semester 2

Workbook





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### Illustration acknowledgements

Illustrated by Carl Pearce (Beehive Illustrations)

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# The arts around us

### LESSON 1B VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

### Comparative and superlative adjectives

- 1 ★ Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.
  - **1** I think literature is **more / most** exciting than photography.
  - **2** The well-known painting *The Rose* is the **better / best** painting in this museum.
  - **3** That famous author is as **old / older** as my grandmother!
  - **4** That character is **cooler / coolest** than the other character.
  - **5** Photography isn't as relaxing **as** than painting.
- 2 \* Complete the sentences with the correct forms of the adjectives in brackets.
  - **1** Laith's writing is *more dramatic* (dramatic) than Jawad's.
  - **2** Books about cartoon characters aren't as (interesting) as books about real people.
  - **3** The book was (bad) than I expected.
  - 4 I think that book was the \_\_\_\_\_ (popular) one.
  - **5** Shakespeare's plays are (easy) to read than Dickens's novels.

3 ★★ Read the texts and complete the information.

My favourite books are Little Women by Louisa May Alcott, The Cairo Trilogy books by Naguib Mahfouz and Anne of Green Gables by Lucy Maud Montgomery. *Anne of Green Gables* is older than The Cairo Trilogy, but it isn't as old as Little Women. Little Women is the oldest of the three books.

Books - written in:

1868: Little Women

1908: <sup>2</sup>

1950s:3

The price of paintings is crazy. The most expensive painting was Mona Lisa by Leonardo da Vinci. The Concert by Vermeer was also very expensive, but not as expensive as *Interchange* by Willem de Kooning.

Price of paintings:

\$860 million: 4 \$300 million: 5

\$250 million: 6



4	** Put the words in order to make
	sentences.

- in / cheapest / shop / the / was /
  painting / the / this
  This was the cheapest painting in
  the shop.
- 2 one / bigger / old / than / is / our new / our / TV
- **3** better / the / photo / was / than / the painting
- 4 the / in / the / sculpture / museum / this / is / strangest
- **5** as / wasn't / author / talented / the / the artist / as
- 6 colour / are / photos / than / black and white / more / photos / interesting
- 7 greatest / world / the / author / the /
  he / in / is / ?

### 5 **\*\*** Complete the questions with the words from the box.

as more oldest than the worst

- **1** Where is the <u>oldest</u> painting in the world?
- **2** What's \_\_\_\_\_\_ longest running play in the world?
- **3** Was he \_\_\_\_\_ successful than his brother as an author?
- 4 Is he \_\_\_\_\_ tall as the other actor?
- **5** Is this famous painting older \_\_\_\_\_ the other painting on display?
- **6** What is the \_\_\_\_\_\_ book ever written?

### 6 ★★ USE OF ENGLISH Complete the text with one word in each gap.

### **100 Top CLASSIC BOOKS for Teenagers**

		their favourite		
classic books. T	classic books. The <b>1</b> most popular book 🤍			
was The Railway Children. Oliver Twist 🧡				
wasn't <sup>2</sup>	popula	r as The Railway		
Children, but it	was <b>3</b>	popular		
than the other	books.In thi	rd place was		
Heidi. This cam	ie out in 188	0, but it wasn't		
<b>4</b> old	dest book <mark>o</mark> r	the list.		
was The Railwa wasn't 2 Children, but it than the other Heidi. This cam	ay Children. ( popula was <sup>s</sup> books.In thi se out in 1 <mark>88</mark>	Dliver Twist  Tas The Railway  popular  rd place was  0, but it wasn't		

- 7 \*\* USE OF ENGLISH Complete the second sentence using the word in bold so that it means the same as the first one. Use no more than three words including the word in bold.
  - Last year's art exhibition was better than this year's. AS This year's art exhibition wasn't <u>as</u> <u>good as</u> last year's.
  - **2** This photo isn't as bright as that one. **DARKER**

This photo \_\_\_\_\_ that one.

- **3** No day last year was hotter than June 20th. **THE**June 20th \_\_\_\_\_ day last year.
- **4** My bedroom isn't as tidy as yours. **THAN**

Your bedroom mine.

**5** The play wasn't as good as I hoped. **THAN** 

The play was \_\_\_\_\_\_I hoped.

- 6 None of the students are as talented as Emily. MOST Emily is student.
- 8 Compare two of your favourite books. Write at least five sentences using different adjectives and comparisons.

### LESSON 3B **VOCABULARY** | Literature

1 ★ Match the adjectives from the box with the descriptions.	7 My uncle is a talented i  He draws the pictures for	
disappointing exciting funny original predictable scary	<ul> <li>this g n</li> <li>It's very popular.</li> <li>My friends loved it, but I'm not kee</li> </ul>	
<ol> <li>It makes people laugh. funny</li> <li>The ending was obvious from the start</li> <li>It was a great adventure - I couldn' stop reading it</li> <li>I stopped reading because I was so frightened!</li> </ol>	on sfbooks.  9 I read a lot of n f books. The ones about nature are my favourites.  3 ** Complete the questions with	
<b>5</b> I was really excited before I read it, but it wasn't as good as I thought.	What's worse?	
6 It was a completely different kind of story.	1 A boring biography about the life of someone you don't know or a book about houses?  2 A that isn't exciting or	
2 * Complete the sentences with words connected to books.	a that isn't funny?	
<b>1</b> A Star is Made – My mum loved this novel. It was about friendship, but it was very sad. My mum cried at the end.	<b>3</b> A detective novel with a predictable or a science-fiction story with a you don't understand?	
<ul><li>2 There are a lot of dbook like Sherlock Holmes.</li><li>3 This book was a c It was</li></ul>	good story, or an who can't draw well?	
very funny.  4 He is a very famous a However, the writes a lot of very exciting m books. The	a with terrible nictures?	
eis always surprising.  5 In my opinion, the p of this book is very predictable, but the c are excellent.  Kareem was a good man.	4 Use some of the words from this lesson to write about the kind of books you like and dislike and explain why.	
6 My favourite type of book is a b I like to learn about real people.		

### LESSON 4B GRAMMAR

### Too, (not) enough

1

2

υ, (	not) enough	5
*(	Complete the answers with Yes or	
No	) <b>.</b>	
1	Is this TV OK for you?	
	a <u>No</u> , it's too big.	
	<b>b</b> , it's big enough.	
	<b>c</b> , it isn't big enough.	
2	Is this graphic novel OK?	
	<b>a</b> , it's short enough.	
	<b>b</b> , it isn't short enough.	
	<b>c</b> , it's too short.	
3	Was the book a good length?	
	<b>a</b> , it was too long.	
	<b>b</b> , it wasn't long	
	enough.	
	<b>c</b> , it was long enough.	
we big	rrect adjectives from the pairs of ords in the box.  g / small busy / free difficult / easy rly / late funny / serious	
	risy / quiet old / young	
	I can't work when other people are talking at the same time. It's too noisy to concentrate.	
2	I haven't got time to help you today. I'm too	
3	You can't go into the library. You're too It closed five	4
	minutes ago. I can't understand this book. It's too for me.	
5	I'm not enough to travel	
	without my parents.	
6	You can't see all the paintings in the museum in one day. It's	

too\_\_\_\_\_.

enough.

7 It wasn't a good comedy. It wasn't

- 3 ★★★ USE OF ENGLISH Complete the second sentence using the word in bold so that it means the same as the first one. Use no more than three words including the word in bold. 1 I'm too old to climb a mountain. YOUNG I'm <u>not young enough</u> to climb a mountain. 2 I couldn't finish the test. I wasn't fast enough. **SLOW** I couldn't finish the test. **3** The laptop I wanted wasn't cheap enough. **EXPENSIVE** The laptop I wanted \_\_\_\_ 4 The actors are too quiet and I can't hear them. **LOUD** The actors aren't and I can't hear them. **5** This tablet isn't small enough for my baq. **BIG** This tablet for my bag.
  - 6 The old museum is too cold and people don't like going there.
    WARM

The old museum isn't \_\_\_\_\_ and people don't like going there.

4 Write about types of literature or types of art that you don't like and say why using too or (not) enough.

### LESSON 5B LISTENING AND VOCABULARY

### 1 Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

- **1** When people want to buy or sell something like a famous painting, they usually do it at \_\_\_.
  - **a** an auction
- **b** a museum
- c a festival
- **2** A painting or a photograph usually has a thin piece of wood or plastic around it. We call this a \_\_\_.
  - a cover
- **b** sculpture
- **c** frame



# 2 **6.12** Listen to an interview and choose the correct answers.

- **1** What do we know about the painting?
  - **a** A famous actor bought a copy of the painting.
  - **b** All versions of the picture are identical.
  - The artist signed some of the copies of the painting.
- 2 We definitely know that
  - a it wasn't the only painting on sale that day.
  - **b** the person who bought it was at the auction.
  - The artist was at the auction.
- **3** What do we know about the joke?
  - a No-one knows who planned it.
  - **b** It destroyed the whole painting.
  - It didn't go exactly as planned.

### 3 Complete the sentences with the correct forms of *get*.

1 I \_\_\_\_\_ a new book from my aunt yesterday. It's a graphic novel!

**2** What time did you \_\_\_\_\_ to school this morning?

**3** It's too hot to run! I'm \_\_\_\_\_ tired.

4 Can I \_\_\_\_\_ a glass of orange juice in the restaurant?

### 4 Match each use of *get* in Exercise 3 to the meanings a-d.

a arrive \_\_\_\_\_

**b** become \_\_\_\_\_

c buy \_\_\_\_

**d** receive \_\_\_\_

# 5 Write four sentences with get, each using a different meaning of get: arrive, become, buy and receive.

<u>I got a new video game from my dad</u> <u>yesterday.</u>

### **Pronunciation**

### **ACTIVE PRONUNCIATION** | /dʒ/ and /g/ sounds

You can hear the sound  $d_3$  in words with the letters j, g and dg (e.g. jam, generous, budget).

Be careful, the letter g can be  $d_3/$  or  $d_3/$ , (e.g.  $a_3/$ ,  $d_3/$ ,  $d_3/$ , (e.g.  $d_3/$ ).

6 **6.13** Look at the words. Tick the ones which we pronounce with the /dʒ/ sound. Listen, check and repeat.



1 □ August	
------------	--

**6** □ middle-aged

**7** □ yoghurt

**4** □ magazine

**8** □ gender

**5** □ village

### 1 For each learning objective, write 1–5 to assess your ability.

1 = I don't feel confident. 5 = I feel confident.

	Learning objective	Course material	How confident I am (1-5)
1	I can use comparative and superlative adjectives to talk about people or objects.	Student's Book pp. 4–5	3
2	I can understand new words in a text and talk about book festivals.	Student's Book pp. 6-7	
3	I can talk about literature.	Student's Book p. 8	
4	I can use too and (not) enough to talk about the quantity of something.	Student's Book p. 9	
5	I can identify specific information in an interview and talk about murals.	Student's Book p. 10	
6	I can make and accept or refuse suggestions.	Student's Book p. 11	
7	I can write a book review.	Student's Book p. 12	

### 2 Which of the skills above would you like to improve in? How?

Skill I want to improve in	How I can improve
- 9	

### 3 What can you remember from this unit?

New words I learnt and most want to remember	Expressions and phrases I liked

### **VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR**

- 1 Read the definitions and write the words.
  - 1 a person who reads literature reader
  - **2** a person who writes a book
  - 3 a book about the real world or the things in it
  - 4 a book about a real person
  - **5** a person who draws pictures for books
  - **6** a story with pictures
- 2 Complete the film review with the words from the box.

author chapter characters comedy ending plot setting thriller

## A CAMPING TRIP

Critics love 'author Lauren Price's latest book because it tells the story of real people in a new and interesting way. is about a group of school friends who go camping. At first vou think it's a because there are many funny situations. But later, the friends get lost and have a lot of scary moments, so it's a 4 \_\_\_\_\_, too. The first 5 introduces us to the , one by one. First, Malek, who is the leader of the group and a mysterious boy. The author also perfectly describes the 7 we can see in our minds exactly where the action happens. And the 8 ? Well, you will have to read the book! I can say it isn't predictable!

- 3 Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.
  - **1** He is the *literature / writer* of the book about animals.
  - 2 I want to see a *photographer* / **photography** exhibition at the National Portrait Gallery.
  - 3 It is one of the most famous sculptors / sculptures in the world.
  - 4 My favourite **painter / musician** is Leonardo da Vinci. Hove the Mona Lisa at the Louvre Gallery.
- 4 Match sentences 1-4 with the uses of get.

□ arrive	□ become	□ buy	
□ receive			

- 1 Ryan's got me a ticket to the book festival.
- 2 Dad never gets angry with us he's
- **3** I always get to school early in the morning.
- 4 I got good grades in all my subjects at school this year.
- 5 Complete the sentences with the comparative or superlative forms of the adjectives in brackets.
  - **1** For me, the worst (bad) part of the book is when the main character. dies. It's so sad!
  - 2 The artist's new exhibition is (good) than his previous ones.
  - **3** He is definitely (scarv) character I've found in a book.
  - 4 Is the Buri Khalifa (bid) building in the world?

### 6 Rewrite the sentences with (not) as ... as.

**1** Book festivals are more interesting than art exhibitions.

Art exhibitions

2 A photograph is more colourful than a sculpture.

A sculpture \_\_\_\_\_

**3** The first book was better than the second book. The second book

### 7 Write sentences using the prompts and too + adjective or (not) + adjective + enough.

- **1** You never laugh. You're <u>too serious</u> (serious).
- 2 I'm falling asleep. This book \_\_\_\_\_ (interesting).
- **3** I didn't really enjoy the book. The plot was (predictable).
- 4 I don't think I'm (talented) to become an author.

### **USE OF ENGLISH**

### 8 Complete the text with the correct answers a-c.

### STRATEGY | Multiple choice cloze

Remember that the word you choose must fit grammatically into the sentence and must also have the correct meaning.



**Laila's First Day** is one of the most popular children's books by international 1\_\_\_ Vicky Morgan.

The **2** for the story is an international primary school, in Jordan.

Laila, of course, is the main 3\_\_\_, and we meet her new friends along the way.

The story teaches us about the importance of friends. And the 4 is a true surprise!

1	<b>a</b> author	<b>b</b> reader	<b>c</b> characte
2	<b>a</b> plot	<b>b</b> novel	<b>c</b> setting
3	<b>a</b> artist	<b>b</b> character	<b>c</b> sculptor
4	<b>a</b> chapter	<b>b</b> ending	<b>c</b> novel

### LISTENING

9 **6.14** You are going to hear a review of a book. Complete the sentences.



1	The Strange	rica	science	fiction	novel
•	The Suange	ם כו ו:	Science	<u>IICLIOII</u>	HOVEL.

2	The		for the	book i	s the
	inside of	a spa	ceship.		

3	There	are_	г	main	
	chara	cters,	Frank and		

4 Khaled thinks the book is	
-----------------------------	--

### **SPEAKING**

### 10 Read the information below. Then, in pairs, do the speaking task.

You are free next weekend and you would like to do something with a friend. Talk to your friend and decide on the best activity to do. Use the ideas in the box to help you.

do sport	go for a walk				
go to a book festival					
go to an a	ırt exhibition	play a game			

### WRITING

### 11 You see the following on a website.

### Our readers' favourite books

Tell us about your favourite book. Say what type of book it is, who the author is, who the characters are and describe the plot. Tell us why you loved the book.

Write a post about your favourite book.

# Going to town

### I FCCON 1 R **UNCARILLADY AND GRAMMAD**

	LESSON ID WOCADOLANI AND GRAPIPAN				
G	oing to		4 ★ Use the inform		
1	<ul><li>comple</li><li>1 Nass barb</li><li>2 I'm g all ni</li><li>3 Rob camp</li></ul>	and Henry <i>is / are</i> going to go ping. ra is going <b>make / to make</b> a	for tonight usin  1 Nadia – cook  2 Mr Green – lo  3 My parents –  4 My sister – ph  Tonight	dinner ok for another job ouy a new camera	
2	answer  1 Is yo spor	ur dad going to take you to the ts centre?	<b>5</b> ★★ Use the inforpeople's plans the sentences.	rmation about for Saturday to correct	
	2 Is yo at ur	s, he is.  ur sister going to study Maths niversity?  you going to eat in the town re?	Plans for Satu Nadia – go sho Mr Green – coo My parents – co My sister – me	opping ok dinner drive to the seaside	
3	_	plete the mini-conversation ne word in each gap. What are you going to wear to the wedding? I don't know yet. Lola are going to help me	<ul><li>Nadia is going</li><li>She isn't going</li><li>going to go sh</li><li>Mr Green is go</li><li>takeaway.</li></ul>	g to watch TV. She's nopping.	
	Hala	choose something nice.  How long are you going  stay at the	My parents ar mountains.	e going to drive to the	
	Manal	wedding?  Not long. My dad is *  to collect me at ten o'clock	My sister is go grandmother	oing to meet our	

- 6 ★★ Put the words in order to make sentences.
  - to / in May / going / have / trip / we're / a school
    We're going to have a school trip in May.
  - 2 going / work / today / you / to /
    how much / do / are /?
  - 3 the football / to / going / match / watch / not / tonight / I'm
  - 4 isn't / Helen / to / next / going / year / French / study
- 7 ★★ Complete the dialogue with the correct forms of the verbs in brackets and *going to*.

Rana What \*are you going to do (you/do) this weekend?

Ruby Mum and Dad \*\_\_\_\_\_\_(visit) my aunt, but I

\*\_\_\_\_\_ (not/go) with them. I'm going to stay at home. How about you?

Rana I (buy) some new clothes with Lily. Do you want to come with us?

My mum (take) us.

**Ruby** OK, that sounds good. I can buy some food.

(make) a cake for my mum.

Rana Cool. Which supermarket

7\_\_\_\_\_(you/go) to?

**Ruby** Campbell's. It's the cheapest!

- 8 \*\* Read the answers and use the prompts to write questions with going to.
  - **1** go / to the new museum later?

    Are you going to go to the new museum later?

    Yes, I am.
  - **2** What / eat / tonight?

My parents are going to eat a pizza tonight.

**3** Why / go / to bed early tonight?

Because I'm tired.

9 \*\*\* Complete the dialogue with the correct forms of the verbs from the box and going to.

I/go I/learn I/buy I/read I/study we/go you/do <del>you/do</del>

Mazen Dylan, what <u>are you going to</u>
do this summer?

Dylan <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_to surf.

Mazen Really? Where?

**Dylan** Aqaba. <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ on holiday there with my parents. How about you?

**Mazen** I have plans with my family.

**4\_\_\_\_\_** walking in the mountains.

• new walking boots.

**Dylan** Great. What 6\_\_\_\_\_

when you get back?

Mazen 7\_\_\_\_\_ Maths with my dad and brother. I want to do well at school next term. What about you?

**Dylan** 8\_\_\_\_\_\_ lots of books. I love reading!

10 Write about your plans for next week using some of the verbs from the lesson.

### LESSON 2B **VOCABULARY** | Places in the city and transport

1	★ Match things and activities 1-6 with places a-f.	3		words	NGLISH Choo a-c to com	
	1 □ paintings a station   2 □ money b library   3 □ sleeping c museum   4 □ shopping d hotel   5 □ train e market   6 □ books f bank		_	You're Nade the b We w	r and I ¹ o each. It was	40 km away. red when we
2	** Match the words from the box with the definitions.  airport bridge castle hospital park port post office sports centre		Malek Rakan	We <sup>2</sup> _ <sup>3</sup> w man	told us to ge	We got es, but then a et <b>^</b> at the
	square supermarket tourist information centre  1 It's a place you go to fly somewhere. <u>airport</u>		Malek Rakan	was r Oh, d So, th	ien I rang my	bikes. y brother and
	You go there when you're ill.  It's a good place to go for a walk.		Malek Rakan	came Your I	_ my parent to get us. parents' car w. When we	isn't very big
	You go here to buy stamps and to send letters  In this building, you can play sports and keep fit			room 6 t\ statio	n and waite	lader and I es to the bus
	<ul><li>This is a big shop. You can buy food and things for the house here.</li><li>You can see boats and ships here.</li></ul>			I cam need some	near the tow e here <sup>8</sup> fo a warm cup e food.	oot. Now I o of tea and
	This is a useful place for holidaymakers. You can get maps and other things here.		<ol> <li>a dro</li> <li>a too</li> <li>a thr</li> <li>a do</li> </ol>	ok ough	<ul><li>b rode</li><li>b drove</li><li>b up</li><li>b away</li></ul>	c got c rode c on c off
	<ul> <li>You need this to cross from one side of a river to the other.</li> <li>10 This is an old building. Kings often lived in them.</li> </ul>		<ul><li>5 a roo</li><li>6 a wa</li><li>7 a ha</li><li>8 a wir</li></ul>	ılked Il	<ul><li>b drove</li><li>b arrived</li><li>b house</li><li>b on</li></ul>	c went c got c home c in
	<b>11</b> This is an open space in the centre of a town. There are buildings all around it	4	home t town, e	o diffe e.g. sch	now you get rent places nool, the toves, the hosp	in your wn centre,

### LESSON 3B LISTENING

### 1 **a 7.13** Where are the speakers?



回機論回 Listen to messages 1-4 and match them with places a-e. There is one extra place.

- ☐ Message 1 **a** an airport
- ☐ Message 2 **b** a ferry
- ☐ Message 3 **c** a car park
- ☐ Message 4 **d** a different country
  - e a train station

### 2 **① 7.13** Listen to the messages again and choose the correct answers.

- **1** What problem did the first speaker have?
  - **a** The car park closed for the night before they left.
  - **b** It took a long time to do their shopping.
  - c They couldn't drive away because of a different car.
- **2** What is the second speaker's main message?
  - a Their flight was delayed.
  - **b** Their journey is going well.
  - c They are now safely at their holiday destination.
- **3** What did the third speaker NOT like on the ferry?
  - **a** The time of the announcement.
  - **b** The food offered at breakfast.
  - The room she slept in.
- 4 What is the fourth speaker going to do in five minutes?
  - a He's going to get on the train.
  - **b** He's going to go home.
  - He's going to miss the train.
- 3 Imagine you're late to meet your friend. Write a text message to explain where you are, why you are late and what you are going to do.

### **Pronunciation**

### ACTIVE PRONUNCIATION |/a/ and /eɪ/ sounds

When we add the letter e to the end of a one-syllable word which has the letter a, the pronunciation changes:

hat /'hæt/ - hate /'heit/ mad /'mæd/ – made /'meid/

- 4 @ 7.14 Find one word with the  $/\infty$ / sound and one word with the /eɪ/ sound in each of these sentences. Listen and repeat.
  - 1 Hi (ack, I'm going to be a bit (ate).
  - 2 I'm drinking a can of orange juice and eating a cake.
  - **3** Hi, Harriet. How was the game?
  - 4 Dad went, but I hate getting up early.
- 7.15 Say hi to these people. Be careful when you pronounce their names. Listen, check and repeat.



- 1 Hi, Charlie!
- 2 Hi, Jane!
- **3** Hi, Jack!
- 4 Hi, Jake!
- **5** Hi, Logan!
- **6** Hi, Harry!

### LESSON 4B GRAMMAR

### Present Continuous: future arrangements

1 ★ Complete the mini-conversations with the Present Continuous forms of the verbs in brackets.

	os in brackets.
Α	
Randa	dinner, I'm afraid. It's my sister's graduation and we ''re going (go) to a restaurant.
Nour	That's a pity. Nadia  2(come).  She phoned earlier. She's back from her holidays.
В	
Malek	What <sup>3</sup> (you/do) this afternoon?
Kamal	I * (meet) Logan at four o'clock. We * (play) tennis.
C	
Frank	Why 6 (you/not play) football after school today?
Callum	I can't. I <b>7</b> (go) to the dentist at five o'clock.
the vert correct t match t	plete the intentions with os from the box and the forms of <i>going to</i> . Then he sentences with the miniations from Exercise 1.
<del>play</del> pl	lay show
COI	e <u>'re going to play</u> in a npetition next week. e us her photos
	e us nei photos m India.

**3** □ But I tomorrow.

3 \*\*\* Look at the diary and complete the sentences using the Present Continuous and going to.

continuous and going to.				
Monday Meeting with Mr Wood about the Maths competition – 10 a.m.				
Tuesday	resday Tennis with Lauren – 10 a.m (Play better this time!)			
Wednesday	Dentist – 9.a.m., ask about broken tooth.			
Thursday	Lily arriving by train 1.45 p.m., meet her at the station, show her the town.			
1 I'm meeting Mr Wood about the Maths competition at 10 a.m. on Monday.				

	Platins competiti	<u>011</u> at 10 a.iii. 011
1	Monday.	
2		with Lauren on
	Tuesday mornin	g.
3		_ better this time!
4	1	on Wednesday
	morning.	
5		_ about my broken
	tooth.	
6	l	$_{\scriptscriptstyle \perp}$ at 1.45 p.m. at the
	train station.	

4 ★★★ Complete the questions about the diary in Exercise 3.

**7** I \_\_\_\_\_\_ the town.

L	When are you meeting Mr Wood?
	At 10 a.m. on Monday.
2	the dentist?
	Because I've got a broken tooth.
3	Lily?
	At 1.45 p.m.

5 Write about some definite arrangements you, or people you know, have for the next week.

2

### 1 For each learning objective, write 1–5 to assess your ability.

1 = I don't feel confident. 5 = I feel confident.

	Learning objective	Course material	How confident I am (1–5)
1	I can use <i>going to</i> to talk about future intentions and plans.	Student's Book pp. 16–17	3
2	I can talk about places and transport in cities.	Student's Book p. 18	
3	I can understand new words in announcements.	Student's Book p. 19	
4	I can use the Present Continuous to talk about future plans and arrangements.	Student's Book p. 20	
5	I can ask for and give directions.	Student's Book p. 21	
6	I can identify specific information in online forum posts and talk about travelling.	Student's Book pp. 22–23	
7	I can write a short message.	Student's Book p. 24	

### 2 Which of the skills above would you like to improve in? How?

Skill I want to improve in	How I can improve

### 3 What can you remember from this unit?

New words I learnt and most want to remember	Expressions and phrases I liked
36	

### **VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR**

1 Look at the pictures and write the words.



- 2 Complete the sentences with one word in each gap.
  - 1 We always take a taxi to the airport – it's more convenient.
  - 2 Lusually a bike to school – it's cheap and good for the environment!
  - **3** Lots of people a car to work and end up in traffic jams.
  - 4 In small cities, it's usually quick and easy to go to places on \_\_\_\_\_
  - **5** Sometimes, the bus driver doesn't on the bus if it's let vou really full.
  - 6 I'm so excited! I'm going to Paris by \_\_\_\_\_next weekend and I love flvina!
- 3 Match each person's situation with the best suggestion(s) about what to do.

do some sightseeing	
□ go to the beach	
have a sandwich	
□ visit a museum	
usit friends	

- **1** I want to get to know this city.
- 2 I'm hungry.
- **3** I don't want to stay home alone!

- 4 I want to do something cultural this summer.
- **5** I just want to have fun!
- 4 Choose the correct words to complete the text.

### Are you looking for an adventure holiday?

\*Book / Rent a seat on the Orient Express and travel across Europe to Asia in style.

Trains depart all year round, just **2check / look** the online timetable for details.

Journeys are flexible, so you can leave the train to **3**go / take a tour of cities on the way.

And we can also help you **"find / stay**" overnight accommodation.

So what are you waiting for? Train tickets go fast so **5buy / sell** yours now!

5 Complete the conversation with the correct form of going to and the verbs in brackets.

Alex	What <b>*</b> are you going to do		
	(do) today?		
Tom	<sup>2</sup>	(watch) the	
	match on TV, w	/hat about you?	
Alex	3	(clean) the	
	house. And yo	U	
	4	(help).	
Tom	5	(you go) to	
	the shops afte	Γ?	
Alex	No, I <b>6</b>	(not go)	
	because Eric ca	an't come.	
	He <b>7</b>	(visit) his	
	mother in hos	pital.	
Tom	Oh! Did I tell yo	ou Rob and	
	Lucas 8	(come	
	over) after the	match?	

Alex Really? OK, then

'\_\_\_\_\_ (you/help)

me with the housework?

Tom Of course I am.

- 6 Complete the sentences with the correct Present Continuous forms of the verbs in brackets.
  - **1** Laith *is swimming* (swim) at 9 a.m. on Saturday morning.
  - **2** They \_\_\_\_\_ (go) shopping in the afternoon.
  - **3** On Sunday, in the morning, they \_\_\_\_\_ (clean) the house.
  - **4** They \_\_\_\_\_ (not watch) football on Saturday.
  - **5** In the afternoon, Clare \_\_\_\_\_ (visit) her grandparents.
  - **6** They \_\_\_\_\_ (not go) to the park this weekend.

### **USE OF ENGLISH**

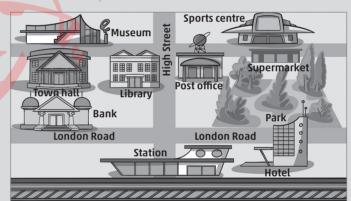
- 7 Choose the correct words a-c to complete the texts.
  - Please make sure you clear your rubbish away if you \_\_ a barbecue on the beach.
    - a get
- **b** have
- **c** make
- Respect others at all times and be quiet when using the \_\_\_.
  - **a** library
- **b** market
- c station
- Follow the signs and go straight for the metro.
  - **a** off
- **b** up
- C ON
- Please ring the bell when you want to get \_\_\_ the bus.
  - **a** from
- **b** off
- **c** out

- The \_\_\_ is a great place to learn about the history of a place, and to see ancient objects.
  - a museum
- **b** town hall
- c sports centre
- **6** Queue here to \_\_\_ tickets to travel today.
  - **a** shop
- **b** find

c buy

### **Speaking**

8 In pairs, take turns to ask for and give directions. Use the map below. Student A: you are at the station and you want to go to the town hall. Student B: you are at the station and you want to go to the sports centre.



### WRITING

9 Read the task below.

Your friend's family is going to meet you and your family for dinner tomorrow. You are going to meet them at a restaurant in the town centre. Write a short email and tell him/her how to get from the bus station to the restaurant.

Write your email.

# 08

### Smart future

### LESSON 1B VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

### Will/won't

1 ★ Complete the text with will or won't.



### **Comments**

No, people **won't** have drones because they are dangerous. There was a problem once when a drone flew near an airport and all the flights stopped. Soon, there be an accident and the government 3 say that only companies and people like the police and army can have drones. Imad Yes, I4 take it on holiday so that I can take great photos. I think schools 5 tell students not to bring drones to school, but they **1** be great fun in your free time. 17 \_\_ make videos with my drone, but I 8 anything dangerous like flying it near roads. That's wrong. **Heba** 

What do you think?

2 \*\* Complete the sentences with will or won't and the correct verbs from the box.

be	buy	eat	go	use
Ву	2050			
1			e any t	raditional TV
_	channel	.S. X		
	we			money to buy
	things.			
3	people.			on virtual
	holiday:	S. <b>√</b>		
4	people			meat. <b>X</b>
5	we		(	everything on
	the Inte	rnet. 🗸		

3 ★★ Put the words in order to make sentences.

Are your friends optimistic or pessimistic about the future?

### Optimistic friends

- have / technology / will / of / easier / because / we / lives We will have easier lives because of technology.
- 2 longer/will/live/we
- **3** help/people/each/other/will

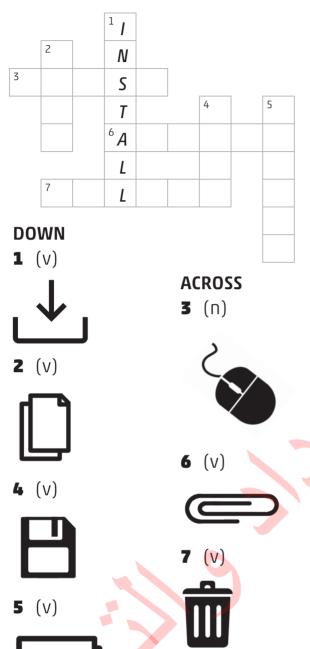
### Pessimistic friends

- 4 the / few / world / control / a / will / companies / big
- **5** world / hotter / the / get / will

4	will and	iplete the sentences using If the words in brackets. If year, I will be able to drive	6 *** Complete the second sentence using will/won't be able to and the verb in bold.	
		n/drive).	At the moment, doctors can't help	
		years,	people with some diseases. <b>CURE</b>	
	hour		By 2100, doctors <i>will be able to cur</i> all diseases.	<u>e</u>
		years, ple/can/go) on holiday to	2 Students can now do some homework online. TAKE	
	•	passport!	By 2030, studentsexams online.	
		/can/travel) to other countries.	We can do research and read book	ς
		special cover for your phone.	for free online. <b>USE</b>	_
		(you/can/take) os underwater.	In the future, we	
	•	language app is great. In one	the Internet for free. We will have to pay for it.	
		(I/can/speak)	We can book flights and hotels	
	Frenc	ch.	online. <b>TRAVEL</b>	
5	<b>★★ Com</b>	plete the mini-conversations	In the future, wea	
	using и	vill.	over the world using Virtual Reality	y.
	Lauren	What job *will you have in the future?	<b>5</b> We can use apps to check our health. <b>SWITCH OFF</b>	
	Paige	I'm not sure. I'd like to be a	In the future, we	
	raige	doctor.	these apps. Doctors will watch them all the time and send us	
	Fadi	Where <b>2</b> in the future?	messages – 'Do more exercise! Go to bed earlier!'	
	Adnan	In the future, I will live in Greece.		
	Logan	3rich?		
	Ryan	I hope so. I want to live in		
		a big house and not worry		
		about money!		
	Issa	What <b>4</b> in your		
		free time?		
	Imad	I'll do lots of sports and		
		exercise.		
	Fadia	Where <sup>5</sup> on		
		your holidays?		
	Hala	All over the world.		

### LESSON 2B **VOCABULARY** | Computer equipment

### 1★ Complete the crossword with verbs (v) or nouns (n).



2 \*\* Complete the sentences with the words from the box.

battery cable desktop disk screens wireless

- **1** This laptop <u>battery</u> is very old. It lasts for half an hour.
- **2** You can connect your phone to your laptop using a USB \_\_\_\_\_\_. It's very easy.

- **3** My parents still have an old \_\_\_\_\_ computer. It's very heavy and slow.
- 4 You spend all day looking at \_\_\_\_\_\_- on your phone, your laptop and the TV.
- **5** The computer has a 1TB hard \_\_\_\_\_\_ . I have lots of files!
- **6** A \_\_\_\_\_ mouse is good you can move it easily.
- 3 \*\*\* USE OF ENGLISH Complete the second sentence using the word in bold so that it means the same as the first one. Use no more than three words including the word in bold.
  - I need to give my battery more energy so that I can use my phone when I go out. CHARGE
    I need to <u>charge my phone</u> so I can use it when I go out.
  - Could you make the volume louder, please? I can't hear it. UP
    Could you \_\_\_\_\_\_ the volume, please? I can't hear it.
  - You don't need a cable when you use a wireless keyboard. TO
    You don't \_\_\_\_\_\_ a wireless keyboard to your computer with a cable.
  - 4 It's easy to get new apps and put them onto your phone. **INSTALL** It's easy to \_\_\_\_\_\_ on your phone.
- 4 Describe your computer or other device using the words from the lesson.

### LESSON 3B GRAMMAR

### Adverbs of manner

- 1 ★ Choose the correct words to complete the sentences. Sometimes more than one answer is possible.
  - My dad drives very carefully / fast / healthily.
  - **2** This computer works **slowly** / **politely** / **well**.
  - **3** Our coach sometimes shouts at us *loudly / hard / safely*.
  - **4** Check your work *politely / carefully / badly*.
  - **5** I ran very **fast / quickly / politely** to the bus stop.
  - **6** The children played *urgently* / *happily* / *loudly* together.
  - **7** We all worked **hard / healthily / well** during the lesson.
  - 8 I need to phone home urgently / dangerously / well.
- 2 \*\* Complete the sentences with the adjectives in bold and adverbs formed from them.
  - 1 CAREFUL

Be <u>careful</u> when you drive. Drive <u>carefully</u>.

2 LOUD

Everyone i:	s talking	It's
SO	I can't think!	

**3** HARD

l work		_ every day. I'm a
	Work	_ , ,

4 G00D

They're a	_ team. They
always play very _	

**5** HEALTHY

I try to eat		I always ea
-	food.	-

3 \*\*\* Complete the miniconversations with the words from the box. There is one extra word.

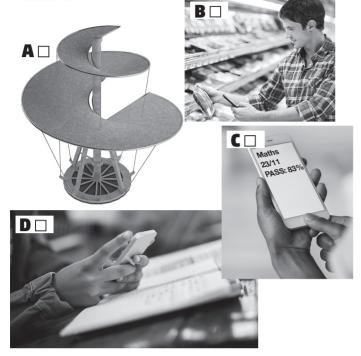
polite	politely slow slowly
Fred	Have you got any speakers? The sound on your laptop isn't very <b>1</b> loud.
Eric	It is, but I can't play it  2 My dad works at night and he's sleeping.
Fred	Oh, OK.
Heba	Hurry up!
Fatima	I'm ready!
Heba	You're so <b>3</b> !
Fatima	I'm not.
Heba	, ,
9	and you're always late!
Mum	Your teacher says you always work <b>5</b> during the lessons.
Husam	I do!
Mum	And he says that you're very
Husam	but?
Mum	But you did very <b>7</b> in your exams.
Husam	I know.
Mum	You made some silly mistakes. He says you should always check your work <sup>8</sup> when you finish.
Husam	I will, don't worry.

4 Write about how you do different activities. Which do you do well, badly, slowly, carefully, etc.?

### LESSON 4B LISTENING AND VOCABULARY



### 1 **③** 8.10 Listen and number the pictures.



- 2 **(4) 8.10** Listen to the conversations again and choose the correct answers.
  - 1 Two friends talk about an e-register. What are they both worried about?
    - a Their teacher he's angry when students are late.
    - **b** Their parents when they see their grades.
    - A punishment one of them will get for being late.
  - 2 Two friends talk about Leonardo da Vinci. What do you learn about him?
    - **a** He had a lot of ideas for inventions.
    - **b** He wasn't an artist.
    - He built a lot of his designs.
  - **3** Two people talk about a new idea at school. What do we know about the idea?
    - **a** The teachers and students disagree about the idea.

- **b** Not all the students at the school are trying the idea.
- The students are going to try the idea for a month.
- What are the people in the shop going to ask about?
  - a What happens if you take something without paying?
  - **b** What happens if you haven't got the money in your bank to pay?
  - What happens if you don't like using new technology?

### **Pronunciation**

### ACTIVE PRONUNCIATION | Stress in compound nouns

Compound nouns are words created from two nouns or an adjective and a noun (e.g. bathroom, greenhouse). In compound nouns, we put the stress on the first word (e.g. bathroom).

3 **@ 8.11** Complete the compound nouns with the words from the box. Listen, check and repeat.



			mate wash		ones	place
1	SOUL	nd <u>traci</u>	<u>k</u>	5	dish_	
2	head	d		6	room	]
3	wee	k		7	skate	
4	fire_			8	time_	

4 **3.12** Listen and write the words. Then listen and repeat



1	s <u>upermarket</u>	
2	C	
		k
3	h	k
4	t	t
5	k	C
_		

### 1 For each learning objective, write 1–5 to assess your ability.

1 = I don't feel confident. 5 = I feel confident.

	Learning objective	Course material	How confident I am (1–5)
1	I can use will/won't to make predictions about the future.	Student's Book pp. 26–27	3
2	I can talk about computers.	Student's Book p. 28	
3	I can use adverbs to talk about the way we do things.	Student's Book p. 29	
4	I can identify the main points in a conversation and talk about technology.	Student's Book p. 30	
5	I can express, agree and disagree with opinions.	Student's Book p. 31	
6	I can identify the structure of a text and talk about feelings and communication.	Student's Book pp. 32–33	
7	I can write a short notice.	Student's Book p. 34	

### 2 Which of the skills above would you like to improve in? How?

Skill I want to improve in	How I can improve

### 3 What can you remember from this unit?

New words I learnt and most want to remember	Expressions and phrases I liked

### **VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR**

- 1 Match 1–7 with a–g to make the names of computer equipment and gadgets.
  - **1 □** desktop
- **a** battery
- **2** □ fitness
- **b** computer
- **3** □ hard
- **c** cable **d** disk
- 4 □ laptop 5 □ USB
- **e** headset
- 6 □ virtual reality
- **f** headphones
- **7** □ wireless
- g tracker
- 2 Complete the instructions with the correct words from the box.

attach document save screen smartphone switch on

### How to email a document using your new smart printer

\*Switch on your computer, tablet or 

Place your \*3\_\_\_\_\_ under the scanner.

Check you are happy with the scan on your device \*6\_\_\_\_\_ it to your email and send.

3 Complete the conversation with will/ won't and the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

**Adel** Where \*will you live (you/live) in ten years?

Faisal <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_(I/move) to Oman, but <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_(I/not have) a house – I'll get a flat. What about you?

- 4 Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.
  - Stay safe / safely! Never drive too quick / quickly!
  - 2 This is a message for Callum. Please contact the office urgent / urgently!
  - **3** Eric did **good / well** in his exams.
  - 4 My sister makes friends very *easy* / *easily*.

### **USE OF ENGLISH**

5 Choose the correct words a-d to complete the text.

### In the next ten years ...

Scientists will further 1\_\_\_ eye-control technology for all our devices and gadgets.

Artificial intelligence will 2\_\_\_ very important in all aspects of our lives.

Someone will 3\_\_\_ some new smart clothes. These will change colour or shape when it's too hot or cold.

In fact, technology will progress so \_\_\_\_, that we will be \_\_\_ by all the changes.

- **1** a develop
  - **c** experiment
- 2 a become
  - **c** find
- 3 a do
  - **c** learn
- **4 a** easily **c** quickly
- **5** a amazed
  - **c** happy

- **b** discover
- **d** invent
- **b** exist
- **d** go
- **b** planning
- **d** test
- **b** hard
- **d** slow
- **b** boring
- **d** stress

6 Complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first one. Use no more than three words in each gap.

### **STRATEGY | Transformations**

Make sure you read the first sentence carefully and understand the meaning. The second sentence must be as close to that meaning as possible.

- There are new apps on my phone.
  I <u>installed new apps</u> on my phone yesterday.
- **2** My school will have a new art room next year.

Next year, there \_\_\_\_\_ a new art room in my school.

**3** I'm optimistic about getting a place at university.

I hope I \_\_\_\_\_ a place at university.

### LISTENING

7 **③ 8.13** Listen and choose the correct answers.



- The teacher thinks that Jack is tired because
  - a he read a book until late.
  - **b** he was online until midnight.
  - c he went to bed late.
- **2** The scientist thinks that in twenty years' time electric cars will
  - a be able to go faster.
  - **b** have better batteries.
  - **c** be cleaner.

### **SPEAKING**

- 8 Look at the photos. In pairs, take turns to describe what you can see in the photos and answer the questions below.
  - **1** What are the students doing?
  - **2** What subject do you think they are studying?
  - **3** Describe other things in the photos.





### **WRITING**

- 9 Write an email to a friend to tell him/ her about the gadget you decided to buy for your brother/sister. Include the following information:
  - what the gadget is
  - why you want to buy this gadget
  - what your brother/sister will be able to do with it
  - ask your friend what he/she thinks of the idea for the gadget

# 09

# Fit and healthy

### LESSON 1B VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

### Must/mustn't/have to/don't have to

1 ★ Look at the information and decide if the sentences are true or false.

### Walking Club

Free club for students in Grades 8–12. The club is for everyone – even those who aren't fit. If you are interested, take a copy of the letter home to your parents and ask them to sign it. Bring the letter to the first meeting of the club. You can't attend without your parents' signatures.

No special equipment needed. Bring walking trousers, a T-shirt and trainers. The first walk is a 4.4 km walk from the school through the park. Stay with the group at all times.

- **1**  $\square$  You have to pay to join the club.
- **2** □ You must be fit.
- **3** □ Your parents must sign the letter.
- **4** □ You don't have to wear trainers.
- 2 \*\*\* Choose the correct words to complete the sentences. Sometimes both options are possible.
  - **1** You *mustn't / don't have to* wear your school uniform. You can wear casual clothes if you prefer.
  - You mustn't / don't have to use your hands when playing football. You can only use your feet or head.

- **3** You *must / have to* have a ball to play basketball.
- **4** We **mustn't / don't have to** play football at our school. We can choose other sports.
- 3 \*\* Look at the poster and complete the sentences with have to, don't have to or mustn't.

### TENNIS CMPETITION

Show your ticket at the gate.
Sit in the correct seat.
Don't walk on the grass.
Be quiet during the game.
You can arrive late and leave early, BUT please try not to disturb other people.
No food (you can get water here).

You have to show your ticket at the gate.
You \_\_\_\_\_ sit in the correct seat.
You \_\_\_\_ walk on the grass.
You \_\_\_\_ shout.
You \_\_\_\_ arrive on time.
You \_\_\_\_ stay until the end.
You \_\_\_\_ bring food.

# 4 \*\*\* USE OF ENGLISH Choose the correct words a-c to complete the text.

Cheese rolling is a very special and very dangerous sport. There is a hill in England where, every year, a big, round cheese rolls down the hill and people run after it.

You 1\_\_ have any special equipment, but you 2\_\_ be very careful. You
3\_\_ run too fast because it's easy to fall. Every year, some people 4\_\_ go to hospital, often with broken bones. To win the competition you 5\_\_ catch the cheese – that isn't possible. You just 6\_\_ to be the first person to get to the bottom of the hill.

**b** mustn't

**b** must

**b** have to

**b** don't have to

- **1** a have to c don't have to
- 2 a must
- **3** a don't have to c mustn't
- 4 a mustn't c don't have to

- 5 \*\*\* Complete the second sentence with one word or contraction in each gap so that it means the same as the first one.
  - **1** It's necessary to train every day. You *must train* every day.
  - 2 It isn't necessary for students to join this club.

Students \_\_\_\_\_\_ this club.

**3** It's necessary for team members to wear the official team shorts and T-shirt.

Team members \_\_\_\_\_

the official team shorts and T-shirt.

4 Don't do anything dangerous when you're playing.

You \_\_\_\_\_ anything dangerous when you're playing.

6 Write about some things you have to do, don't have to do or mustn't do at home and at school.



### LESSON 2B LISTENING AND VOCABULARY



- 1 **@ 9.7** Listen and match conversations 1–3 with activities a–c.
- **1** □ **a** mountain biking
- **2** □ **b** walking
- **3** □ **c** surfing
- 2 **9.7** Listen to the conversations again and choose the correct answers.
  - Which clothes did the speaker not wear?







**2** What was the weather like in Cornwall?







**3** What did the boy see while mountain biking?







3 Describe an activity you can do somewhere in Jordan. Explain why it is a good place to do the activity.

### **Pronunciation**

### ACTIVE PRONUNCIATION | Intonation to show emotion

We use intonation to show emotion when telling a story or responding to what someone says. The stressed syllable is even more stressed than usual:

That's fan**TAS**tic!

We can also use intonation to show surprise in a question.

'I won an art competition last week.' 'An **ART** competition?'

4 9.8 Listen to two different people saying the same sentences. Who shows their feelings more in each sentence? Choose a or b.



- 1 'How was your holiday?'
  'Amazing!'
- 'Amazing!' a / b

  2 Luckily, it didn't rain, but it was still really cold on the beach. a / b
- **3** I wasn't worried about the danger, but the water was freezing! a / b
- 4 It was beautiful! a / b
- **5** We came down really fast! a / b
- **6** That was great! a / b
- 5 **49.9** Listen to the sentences again and repeat them to show your feelings.



6 9.10 We can also use intonation to show surprise. This can turn a one-word response into a question. List



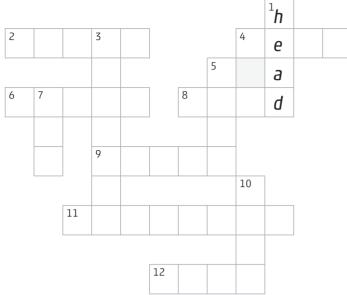
response into a question. Listen to an extract from the recording in Exercise 1 and repeat the response with the correct intonation.

**Huda** I went to Cornwall in the west of England last year. My brother wanted to go surfing.

**Eman** Surfing? In England?

### LESSON 3B **VOCABULARY** | Body

1 ★ Complete the crossword with the parts of the body in the picture.



10	
WILLIAM STATE OF THE STATE OF T	12
	7
5 11 3	
6	
8	4

2 \* Match the words from the box with the definitions.

ears eyes fingers knee mouth nose toes

- 1 This is a part of the leg. It helps you to bend the leg. *knee*
- **2** You have five of these on each foot.
- **3** You use this to smell things.
- 4 You use this to eat and talk.
- **5** You have five of these on each hand.

- **6** You use these to see things with.
- **7** You need these when you listen to music.
- 3 ★★ Look at the pictures and complete the descriptions with the correct words from the box.

flat narrow round stomach weak wide



Omar goes to the gym every day. He has big muscles. His arms, legs and \*stomach\* are like a rock.

He has very \*\* shoulders.

It's difficult for him to find shirts that fit him.

Courtney is very fit. She has

\_\_\_\_\_ shoulders and a \_\_\_\_
stomach. In the past, she didn't care
about the right food and exercise, so
her stomach was \_\_\_\_\_ like a
ball.

4 Describe yourself, e.g. I've got brown eyes/long legs, etc. Describe your friends, too.

### LESSON 4B VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

### Should/shouldn't

<ul> <li>* Complete the sentences with should or shouldn't and the verbs in brackets.</li> <li>1 You shouldn't try (not try) to do too much exercise.</li> <li>2 You (not laugh) at people who aren't very good at sport.</li> <li>3 We (help) the new players become even better.</li> <li>4 (I/get) a health tracker?</li> <li>5 You (not do) exercise after a big meal.</li> <li>6 Which sport (I/choose?)</li> <li>7 You (always/warm up) before you play sports.</li> <li>8 (we/wear) gloves when we play?</li> <li>2 ** Read the answers and complete the questions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>verbs.</li> <li>My brother is unfit. He should do more exercise. He shouldn't play computer games every day.</li> <li>My sister doesn't have much time. She so much time on her phone.</li> <li>My dad is always tired. He to bed earlier.</li> <li>My mother wants to be healthier. She more vegetables and less fast food.</li> <li>I want to get fit. I so lazy!</li> <li>We all need to go on more walks. We for an hour every day.</li> <li>Think of a hobby or activity you do. Give someone advice about what your friend should or shouldn't do if he/she wants to do the same activity.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>PAQ for people thinking of entering the Marathon next June.</li> <li>How much exercise should I do every day?  We suggest you start by doing about one hour of exercise a day.</li> <li>When for the race?  You should start training as soon as you can.  before I start training?  It shouldn't be necessary to see a doctor before you start, but it isn't a bad thing.  a personal trainer?  Some people like to have a personal trainer, but we don't think it is necessary.</li> <li>What before the race?  Don't eat a big meal before the start,  but, about an hour before the start,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>it is good to eat something like a yoghurt with honey, a banana and some nuts or other snacks to give you energy.</li> <li>6 What during the race? You should wear a T-shirt, shorts or tracksuit and comfortable, good quality running shoes.</li> <li>7 with a friend? For your first marathon, it's a great idea to run with a friend. You can help each other.</li> <li>8 What when the race finishes? When the race finishes, you should put on something warm - the organisers will give you a special blanket. Try to eat something, too.</li> </ul>

3 \*\*\* Complete the sentences with should or shouldn't and the correct

### 1 For each learning objective, write 1–5 to assess your ability.

1 = I don't feel confident. 5 = I feel confident.

	Learning objective	Course material	How confident I am (1–5)
1	I can use must, mustn't, have to, don't have to to talk about necessity.	Student's Book pp. 38–39	3
2	I can identify specific information in a conversation and talk about sport.	Student's Book p. 40	
3	I can talk about the body.	Student's Book p. 41	
4	I can use <i>should</i> and <i>shouldn't</i> to give an opinion or advice.	Student's Book p. 42	
5	I can ask and talk about health and illness.	Student's Book p. 43	
6	I can identify specific information in a text and talk about health and fitness in space.	Student's Book pp. 44–45	
7	I can write an online forum post.	Student's Book p. 46	

### 2 Which of the skills above would you like to improve in? How?

### 3 What can you remember from this unit?

New words I learnt and most want to remember	Expressions and phrases I liked

### **VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR**

1 Complete the sports collocations.

aerobics climbing cycling hockey judo karate rugby swimming tennis volleyball

do <u>aerobics,</u>		
go, _		
play	ı ————	

2 Complete the sentences with the words from the box.

bat gloves goggles helmet <del>net</del> trophy

- **1** You must hit the ball over the <u>net</u> in tennis.
- You should wear swimming \_\_\_\_\_ under water – they help you see better.
- **3** Goalkeepers have to wear \_\_\_\_\_ in football and hockey to protect their hands.
- 4 Which country has got the World Cup \_\_\_\_\_ now?
- **5** You have to play cricket with a not a racket!
- **6** You shouldn't go cycling without a

3 Look at the pictures and write the parts of the body.







2



3



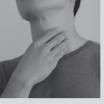
**4** \_\_\_\_\_



5 \_\_\_\_



6



8



9



4 Complete the conversation with one word in each gap.

Dana You look terrible, Abeer! Are you feeling \*\*alright\*?

Abeer No, I don't feel very \*\*2

Dana What's the \*\*3

Abeer My stomach \*\*4

Dana Your face feels hot. Have you got a \*\*5

Abeer No but I feel \*\*

Abeer No, but I feel 6\_\_\_\_\_.
I really can't eat!

Dana Maybe you should go to the

**Abeer** Good idea. I hope I feel soon!



5 Choose the correct words to complete the after-school sports club rules.

# SPORTS CLUB RULES

- You must / mustn't bring bags into the sports area. Someone could fall over them and get hurt.
- **2** You **don't have to / mustn't** wear special sports clothes, just comfortable clothes.
- **3** You *have to / don't have to* wait for the teacher before starting an activity for safety reasons.
- 4 You **don't have to / mustn't** play on the equipment at any time.
- You have to / mustn't help others to use the equipment if you can.
- 6 You must / don't have to put everything away at the end of sports club.
- 6 Read the problems and write suggestions using should or shouldn't.
  - 1 I can't sleep at night.
  - 2 I need to lose weight.
  - **3** I'm stressed about my exams.
  - 4 I'm hungry all the time.
  - **5** I don't like fruit and vegetables.
  - 6 Poften get hurt during football practice.

#### **USE OF ENGLISH**

7 Complete the text with one word in each gap.

What should you do if you find a person on the ground?
First, you <b>1</b> should say something to see if the person can hear you, but you <b>2</b> move them. Call the
emergency services.
To check if they are breathing, you to put your ear near their face and listen carefully.
If they are not breathing, gently push their *back to let air come in through their nose and mouth.
Next, go down on your 5
next to the person and put your two  over their heart.
Push down hard thirty times and then breathe into their <b>7</b> twice.
You <b>8</b> repeat the process until the ambulance arrives.



#### WRITING

8 Do the task below.

Write a short story about someone who has a sports injury. Include the following information:

- where the person was and when it happened
- how he/she got the injury
- the part of the body he/she hurt
- what happened after he/she got the injury

# 10

## Our planet, our hands

## LESSON 1B VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

P	Present	Perfect	with	ever and	never
г	1636III	renett	VVILII	evel allu	<i>HEVEL</i>

- 1 ★ Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.
  - 1 | have / has been to Oman.
  - **2** Mr Green *have / has* taught in South America.
  - **3** Nader has **ever / never** been sandboarding.
  - 4 You haven't **drove / driven** a car.
  - **5** Has your dad **ever / never** slept in the desert?
- 2 ★ Rewrite the sentences with *ever* or *never* in the correct place.
  - 1 Have you written a book?

    Have you ever written a book?
  - 2 Has your dad lived abroad?
  - **3** I've swum under a waterfall.
  - My grandparents have used social media.
- 3 ★ Read the questions and write short answers.
  - Have you ever been to Venice?
    ✓ Yes, I have.
  - **2** Has Amina seen your photos from Morocco?

X	

**3** Have your parents ever worked together?

4 Has Abbas ever slept in a tent?

4 ★ Complete the text with the correct Present Perfect forms of the verbs in brackets.

## Hi! My name's Helen and my parents work for an international company.

They never work in a country for more than two years. So, I'm now 15 and I \*have lived\* (live) in eight different countries. I can't remember the first three countries, but let me tell you about some of the things

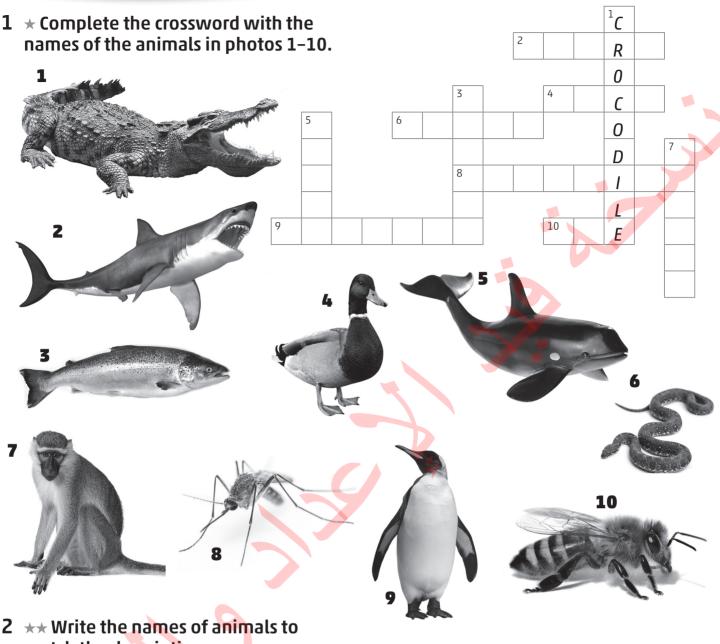
ie tilligs
(do) in my life.
(swim) in the Indian
(walk) in the
(ride) a camel.
(make) friends all over

in a jungle.

(take) photos of tigers

5	★ Use the prompts to write questions in the Present Perfect.		4 How toda	much moneyy?
	1 How many times / you / fly / in a plane?			many exams week?
	How many times have you flown in a plane?	8		e the prompts to complete ni-conversations in the Present
	2 How many countries / you / live in?		Perfect	
	Hamed / ever / do / any voluntary work?		Brando	nyou / ever / be / United Arab Emirates?  Have you ever been to the
	How many times / you / be / late for training this year?		Ryan	United Arab Emirates?  No / not. never / be / to the United Arab Emirates
,	Doubth a considering and a standards			
0	** Put the words in order to make sentences.	•	Fadi	you / hear / the news?
	1 never / friend / been / from / Brazil / my / the Amazon Jungle / has / to		Faisal	What news? I / not hear / any
	My friend from Brazil has never been to the Amazon Jungle.		9	news 4
	this / never / on / have / island / people / lived		Fadi	The school / find / a new French teacher s
	mountain / a teenager / this / has / climbed / ever / ?			Everyone says she's great.
	ever / desert / people / this / crossed / have / ?		Tyler	your / parents / ever / be / to China? 6
7	*** Complete the questions with the correct Present Perfect forms of the verbs from the box.		Brian	Yes / they. They / also be / to Japan, but they / never / be / to India
	she/do <del>your dad/live</del> you/fly you/spend you/take	9		bout some interesting things ve done in your life and some
•	How many countries <u>has your dad</u> <u>lived</u> in?		things t	that you have never done, but like to do.
	<ul><li>2 in a helicopter?</li><li>3 What interesting things</li></ul>			
	this year?			

#### **LESSON 2B VOCABULARY** Animals and parts of an animal body



- match the descriptions.
  - 1 It's an insect. It can be black or red. It can bite! ant
  - 2 It's a bird, but it can't fly.
  - **3** It's an insect. It likes blood. \_\_\_\_\_
  - 4 It's a mammal with yellow and black fur.
  - **5** It's an insect with yellow and black
  - 6 It's a big fish. It's got big teeth.
  - 7 It's a reptile with very big teeth. It usually lives near lakes or rivers.

- 8 It lives in the ocean. It's friendly and intelligent. \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 \*\* Decide if the sentences are true or false.
  - **1** □ A salmon has a beak.
  - **2** □ A duck has feathers.
  - **3** □ A penguin has a beak.
  - **4** □ A shark has grey skin.
  - **5** □ A mosquito has fur.
  - **6** □ A dolphin has wings.
- 4 Describe three different animals.

## LESSON 3B GRAMMAR

## Present Perfect with already, just and yet

- 1 ★ Rewrite the sentences with the words in brackets in the correct place.
  - **1** I haven't checked my phone. (yet) I haven't checked my phone yet.
  - 2 Our friends have got back from their holidays. (just)
  - **3** Have you bought a new bike? (yet)
  - We've been here for six days. (already)
- 2 ★ Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.
  - **1** Mum's *just / yet* gone to the shops. She won't be long.
  - 2 Have you decided what book to read yet / already?
  - We've been here for three days and we've just / already seen lots of things.
  - 4 'Do your homework!' 'I've **already / yet** done it.'
- 3 ★★ Complete the mini-conversations with been or gone.

**William** Great! Mum's \*\frac{1}{been}\$ to the shops.

**Laith** Where's Raed? He isn't in his room.

Mazen He's 2\_\_\_\_\_ out, but I don't know where.

Dad So, are we going to the mountains this year?

I don't want to go there again.

We've 3\_\_\_\_\_\_ there lots
of times.

4 \*\*\* USE OF ENGLISH Complete the texts with one word in each gap.

Hi Jamal,

I'm having problems with my Maths homework. My sister's 

\*gone out, so I can't ask her to help me. Have you done the homework \*\_\_\_\_\_?

Omar

Hi Omar,

Sorry I didn't answer your text earlier. I've \_\_\_\_\_ come back from basketball training. I need a shower! \_\_\_\_\_ you finished the Maths homework yet?

Jamal, I still need help, please!

Omar, you're right. It is difficult!
My brother \_\_\_\_\_ just told me
about a great online video with
very helpful Maths tips. I'll send
you the link and I'm sure you'll be
able to do the homework!

5 Write about some things which have already happened, just happened or haven't happened yet in your life.

#### LESSON 5B LISTENING AND VOCABULARY



## 国際語画 1 **④ 10.9** Listen to four conversations and number descriptions a-d below.

- **a** □ A weather forecast.
- **b I** A conversation about different ways of forecasting the weather.
- □ A conversation about weather in a different country.
- **d** □ A podcast about differences in weather forecasts.

## 2 **a** 10.9 Listen to the conversations again and choose the correct answers.

- 1 Which animals can help you to guess what the weather will be like even when you can't see them?
  - **a** birds
  - **b** frogs
  - **c** cows
- 2 What do you learn about online weather forecasts?
  - a They get different information about the weather.
  - **b** They are rarely correct.
  - c They can't predict the weather for more than a few days in advance.
- **3** What does the girl say about Egypt?
  - **a** The summers were too hot for her.
  - **b** She misses the weather there.
  - **c** There are fewer seasons there.
- 4 What do we know about the temperature in Agaba?
  - Records show that the highest temperature there was in 2020.
    - **b** The hottest temperature ever there was 48.2°C.
    - The hot weather will continue for the rest of the week.
- 3 Write a short paragraph saying which is your favourite season of the year and why.

#### **Pronunciation**

## **ACTIVE PRONUNCIATION** | /DI/ sound

In some words you can hear two different vowel sounds in one syllable (e.q. toy/oi/).

We can spell /ɔɪ/ as oy in toy or oi in voice.

4 10.10 Look at the sentences from the recording in Exercise 1. Which word in each sentence has the /ɔɪ/ sound? Listen, check and repeat.



- **1** When rain is coming, they make more noise.
- **2** Lenjoyed the long, hot, dry summers.
- 5 **10.11** Listen to four words and write them correctly.



1 join

3

6 **(10.12** Complete the words with oi or oy. Listen, check and repeat.







voice

3





7 **(1) 10.13** Complete the text with the correct words from Exercise 5. Listen and check.



This girl and **boy** don't want people to <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ the planet. They want people to <sup>3</sup> their campaign to find clean energy instead of \_\_\_\_\_ and gas.

## 1 For each learning objective, write 1–5 to assess your ability.

1 = I don't feel confident. 5 = I feel confident.

	Learning objective	Course material	How confident I am (1–5)
1	I can use the Present Perfect to talk about experiences.	Student's Book pp. 48–49	3
2	I can talk about animals.	Student's Book p. 50	
3	I can use the Present Perfect to talk about past events that are important now.	Student's Book p. 51	
4	I can understand specific information in a longer text and talk about the environment.	Student's Book pp. 52–53	
5	I can understand the context and identify specific information in a conversation and talk about weather.	Student's Book p. 54	
6	I can give and react to good and bad news.	Student's Book p. 55	
7	I can write an article.	Student's Book p. 56	

## 2 Which of the skills above would you like to improve in? How?

Skill I want to improve in	How I can improve

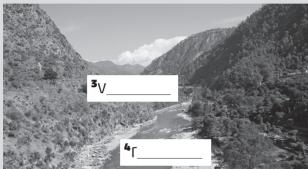
## 3 What can you remember from this unit?

New words I learnt and most want to remember	Expressions and phrases I liked
Y	

#### **VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR**

1 Look at the map and label the geographical features.







- 2 Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.
  - Ants / Bees make honey from flowers.
  - We're going down to the lake to feed the **whales** / **ducks**.
  - A **shark / whale** is a mammal not a fish.
  - **Elephants / Monkeys** can jump high and climb trees.

3	Read the descriptions and write the
	correct words.

- Monkeys use this to hold on to trees so they can use their hands to eat fruit. *tail*
- This is black and yellow on tigers.
- Bees move these quickly to fly.
- 4 Animals use these to bite with.

4	Complete the	conversation with the	he
	words from th	ne box.	

cloudy stormy	foggy rainy <del>snowy</del> sunny windy
Omar	When is the best time to visit India, Kamal?
Kamal	It depends where you go. It's 's 's nowy' in the Himalayan Mountains in winter, but in the south it's usually 's, but not too hot.
0mar	Is there a <sup>3</sup> season?
Kamal	Yes, there is. From June to October it can be very wet and 4 with lightning and
0mar	And what about from March to May?
Kamal	That's summertime and it's too hot to do anything. The sky is blue, it's never  It can be a bit  by the sea, which is nice.
0mar	I bet you don't have any  days in India when you can't see anything!
Kamal	Oh, no!

5	Write Present Perfect questions with
	ever using the prompts. Then answer
	the questions.

- 1 you / swim / Pacific Ocean?

  Have you ever swum in the Pacific
  Ocean?
- **2** you/see/dolphins?
- **3** you / fly / in a helicopter?
- 4 you / volunteer / wildlife project?
- 6 Write six sentences about family and friends with *never* and the Present Perfect form of the verbs from the box.

drive lose meet try sleep write

## 7 Complete the sentences with *just*, *yet* or *already*.

- **1** Have we arrived <u>yet</u>?
- 2 Oh, no, we've \_\_\_\_\_ missed the last bus home!
- **3** You don't need to download the app. I've done it.
- 4 You can't drive \_\_\_\_\_. You're too young!

#### USE OF ENGLISH

- 8 Complete the second sentence using the word in bold so that it means the same as the first one. Use no more than three words including the word in bold.
  - I've never been to Australia, but I'd like to go. **YET**I haven't <u>visited Australia yet</u>, but I'd like to go.
  - They announced the flight two minutes ago. JUST
    They \_\_\_\_\_\_ the flight.

3	Congratulations on winning the
	competition! <b>HAPPY</b>
	You've won the competition!
	l vou!

#### **SPEAKING**

- 9 In pairs, discuss the questions.
  - 1 What can you and your friends do to help to protect the environment?
  - What are the most serious environmental problems in your country?
  - **3** What can the government do to make the cities in your country cleaner?

#### WRITING

- 10 Write a short article about the problems where you live. Say what people should do to protect the environment. Remember to:
  - add an interesting title to encourage the reader to read the article
  - introduce the topic
  - write two or three paragraphs
  - give examples where possible
  - add a short conclusion

## **PHRASAL VERBS**

eat in: Why do people often eat in at home

these days?

eat out: Why don't we eat out in this new

restaurant tonight?

**find out:** To find out more about these courses, visit our website.

**get around:** How does she plan to get around Oxford?

**get back:** When you go out, do you ever get back after midnight?

**get up:** It's important to get up and move your body.

**give out:** At Beach Restaurant, staff give out free coffee in the morning.

**give up:** Don't give up so easily. I'm sure you can do this exercise.

**help out:** Do you sometimes help your mum out at home?

**hold on:** Hold on a minute. I need to wash my hands first.

**put away:** You must put everything away at the end of the lesson.

**put down:** Put down your pens when you finish the exam.

**stay up:** I only stay up late at the weekend.

**try on:** Can I try these jeans on?

**turn off:** Turn off the notifications on your phone. **wash up:** You can wash up the dishes or make food.

## **PREPOSITIONS**

#### PREPOSITIONS IN PHRASES

#### **AT**

at (eight) o'clock: She usually eats dinner at eight o'clock.

**at lunchtime:** What kind of food can you have there at lunchtime?

**at night:** Don't revise late at night! You should go to bed early.

**at school:** At school, we also talk about important events or problems.

**at the moment:** Are you learning anything new at the moment?

**at weekends:** We go to the park at weekends.

**by bus/car/plane/train:** Do you get to school by car or by bus?

#### **FOR**

**for breakfast:** What do you usually have for breakfast?

for rent: Is there a flat or house for rent?

#### **FROM**

**from Monday to Sunday:** You can visit the library from Monday to Sunday.

#### IN

in August/May/etc.: Malak usually goes on holiday in August.

in your free time: In my free time, I like playing computer games.

**in your opinion:** In my opinion, there are four key stages in a project.

in the middle of: It's on a river in the middle of a jungle!

**in the mountains:** These students are from a tiny village in the mountains.

in the past: In History, we study important events in the past.

**in the photo:** There's a beautiful blue background in this photo.

#### ON

**on foot:** My dad gets to work on foot.

on Friday/Monday/etc.: The weekend starts on Saturday in Europe.

**on holiday:** I'm not going shopping when I'm on holiday in New York!

**on the bus/train/plane/etc.:** I sometimes read a newspaper on the bus.

**on the internet:** There's a lot of useful information on the internet.

**on the menu:** There are many different types of dessert on the menu.

**on Wednesday afternoon:** I'm going shopping on Wednesday afternoon.

**on weekdays:** Faisal goes to bed at ten o'clock on weekdays.

#### PREPOSITIONS AFTER NOUNS

**advice for:** Do you have any advice for young directors?

**advice on:** In pairs, ask for and give advice on which sports you should do.

**argument with:** I feel stressed when I have an argument with my friend.

**campaign against:** They started a campaign against plastic bags.

**congratulations on:** Congratulations on winning the race!

**conversation about:** We often have a conversation about the weather.

**experience with:** What was Dalia's first experience with painting?

**expert in:** Today our guest is Dr Muna Aljabi, an expert in wildlife habitats.

**expert on:** He's a radio interviewer and an expert on photography.

**grade in:** I got good grades in all my subjects at school this year.

**guide to:** Here is a brief guide to the country's number one arts festival.

**ideas on:** Could you share your ideas on how to revise before exams?

**lesson about:** I enjoyed our school lesson about world leaders.

**opinion about:** What's your opinion about this school?

**present for:** How often do you buy presents for your friends?

**presentation about:** What was your History presentation about?

**project on:** The whole school is doing a project on nature this term.

**qualification in:** They also get a qualification in designing computer games.

**time for:** It's time for bed. It's already 10 p.m. work on: It's important to plan your work on the project together.

#### PREPOSITIONS AFTER ADJECTIVES

**afraid of:** My mum's afraid of nothing. She is very brave.

**allergic to:** I'm allergic to nuts.

**different from:** Dalia's taste in clothes is very different from her sister's.

**good at:** My favourite club is Spanish but I'm not very good at it.

**good for:** Eating too many cakes isn't good for you.

**happy for:** What a wonderful opportunity! I'm so happy for you.

stressed about: I'm stressed about my exams.
terrible at: No, sorry – I'm terrible at Maths!
worried about: I'm really worried about the
Maths exam tomorrow.

#### PREPOSITIONS AFTER VERBS

**agree with:** My sister agrees with me: knafeh is the best dessert!

**arrive at:** It's 7.45 a.m. and some students are arriving at school.

**ask for:** Ask your teacher for help.

**believe in:** I don't believe in myself. I'm not

confident.

choose from: There are 30 vegetarian dishes – too many to choose from!

**concentrate on:** You should concentrate on your work better.

**decide on:** Talk to your friend and decide on the best place to go.

**depend on:** My results depend on how many kilometres I cycle every day.

**divide by:** When you divide one hundred by four, you get twenty-five.

**dream about:** I look at the pictures and dream about the homes.

**dream of:** I'm actually dreaming of taking part in a triathlon.

**feel about:** How did Faisal feel about art classes at school?

**focus on:** Your homework should focus on verbs.

**get to:** How do you usually get to school? **listen to:** They always listen to their teacher. **look at:** I love eating food and I also love

looking at it. **pay for:** At JBJ, you never pay for a meal. **revise for:** I find revising for exams really

stressful.

**share with:** Don't share your passwords with anyone.

speak to: Why should Eman speak to Salwa?spend on: He spends a lot of money on flights every year.

**stay with:** I'm studying English in Oxford and staying with a host family.

**take care of:** Take care of yourself: try to get eight hours' sleep every night.

**talk about:** At school, we also talk about important events or problems.

travel to: How do you travel to school?

**write about:** A reviewer visits restaurants, tries the food and writes about it.

## **TIMES AND DATES**

#### DAYS OF THE WEEK

Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday

#### **MONTHS**

July January February August March September October April May November December June

#### **CARDINAL NUMBERS**

1 - one 18 - eighteen 2 - two 19 - nineteen 3 - three 20 - twenty 4 – four 21 - twenty-one 5 - five 22 - twenty-two 6 - six 23 - twenty-three 7 – seven 30 - thirty 40 - forty 8 – eiaht

9 - nine 50 - fifty 10 - ten 60 - sixty 11 - eleven 70 – seventy 12 - twelve 80 – eightv 13 - thirteen 90 - ninety

100 - one hundred 14 - fourteen 15 - fifteen 101 - one hundred and

16 - sixteen one

17 - seventeen

### **ORDINAL NUMBERS**

1st – first 11th - eleventh 2nd - second 12th - twelfth 3rd - third 13th - thirteenth 4th - fourth 14th - fourteenth 5th - fifth 15th - fifteenth 6th - sixth 16th - sixteenth 7th - seventh 17th - seventeenth 8th – eiahth 18th - eighteenth 9th - ninth 19th - nineteenth 10th - tenth 20th - twentieth

21st - twenty-first 70th - seventieth 22nd – twenty-second 80th - eightieth 23rd - twenty-third 90th - ninetieth 30th - thirtieth 100th - hundredth 40th - fortieth 101st - hundred and first

50th - fiftieth

60th - sixtieth

#### **SAYING DATES**

31/3/1992: The thirty-first of March, nineteen ninetv-two.

12/11/2020: The twelfth of November, twenty twentv.

5/2/2004: The fifth of February, two thousand and four.

9/6/1778: The ninth of June, seventeen seventy-eight.

**24<sup>th</sup> July:** The twenty-fourth of July. 13<sup>th</sup> July: The thirteenth of July.

**22<sup>nd</sup> April:** The twenty-second of April.

#### **TELLING THE TIME**

**6.00:** It's six o'clock.

**3.15:** It's quarter past three. **2.30:** It's half past two. **3.45:** It's quarter to four. **12.50:** It's ten to one.

24.00: It's midnight.

### **WORD BUILDING**

#### PREFIXES THAT GIVE AN OPPOSITE MEANING

Prefix	Examples
UN-	uncomfortable, unusual
im-	impossible, impatient
dis-	disagree, discover

#### **SUFFIXES**

c..ff.v

#### **Noun suffixes**

Sumx	Examples
-ег	photographer, reviewer
-0[	actor, sculptor
-ist	scientist, tourist
-ian	musician, dietitian
-ment	equipment,
	announcement
-ion	pollution, suggestion
-ness	fitness, illness

#### **Adjective suffixes**

301117	
-у	
-ous	
-ed	

Suffix

### Adverb suffixes

### **Suffix** -lv

-ina

## Verb suffixes

-ate	
-ise	

-ify

**Suffix** 

#### **Examples**

windy, snowy dangerous, famous amazed, excited exciting, disappointing

#### **Examples**

loudly, easily

#### **Examples**

create, nominate advise, summarise justify, modify

## **PRONUNCIATION TABLE**

#### **Consonants**

p	perfect, helpful, happen
b	<b>b</b> ossy, ho <b>bb</b> y, jo <b>b</b>
t	tennis, actor, attend
d	<b>d</b> egree, mi <b>dd</b> le, wor <b>d</b>
k	<b>k</b> itten, s <b>ch</b> ool, as <b>k</b> , <b>c</b> oach
g	<b>g</b> et, lu <b>gg</b> age, <b>g</b> host
ţſ	<b>ch</b> eck, ma <b>tch</b> , fu <b>t</b> ure
d <sub>3</sub>	bri <b>dg</b> e, pa <b>g</b> e, sol <b>d</b> ier

J	3 11 3 1
f	false, difficult, laugh, physical
V	<b>v</b> erb, ner <b>v</b> ous, mo <b>v</b> e
θ	third, author, bath
ð	this, father, with

this, father, with
 saw, notice, sister
 zone, amazing, choose, quiz

ship, sure, station, ocean ſ pleasure, occasion 3 had, whole, chocoholic h melon, common, sum m n neat, know, channel, sun cooking, long, thanks, sung ŋ lifestyle, magically, kettle 1 respect, correct, arrival r

vear, use, beautiful

window, one, where

#### Vowels

j

W

- gift, invite e gentle, bed
- æ bad, matchbox, plan
- σ l**o**t, **o**ptimistic, w**a**sh
- Λ love, but, luck
- $\sigma \quad \text{ foot, good, put} \\$
- ix reading, three, magazine
- eı race, pay, break aı twice, bright, try oı enjoy, disappointed
- or enj**oy**, disapp**o**inted ux two, blue, school
- əυ b**oa**t, bel**ow**, n**o**
- av sh**ou**t, n**ow**
- year, here, seriouschair, various, square
- ax mark, father
- or bought, draw, author
- υə t**ou**rist, flow**er**
- зх h**ur**t, third
- i happ**y**, pronunciation, serious
- apprentice, actor
- u situation, visual, influence

## **REVISION ANSWER KEY**

#### Unit 6

#### Exercise 1

2 author 3 non-fiction

**4** biography **5** illustrator

6 graphic novel

#### Exercise 2

2 plot

3 comedv

4 thriller

**5** chapter

6 characters

**7** setting

8 ending

#### Exercise 3

1 writer

2 photography

**3** sculptures

**4** painter

#### Exercise 4

1 buy 2 become 3 arrive

4 receive

#### Exercise 5

2 better

**3** the scariest

4 the biggest

#### Exercise 6

1 Art exhibitions are not as interesting as book festivals.

**2** A sculpture is not as colourful

as a photograph.

**3** The second book was not as good as the first book.

#### Exercise 7

2 not interesting enough

3 too predictable

4 talented enough

#### Exercise 8

1 author 2 setting 3 character

4 ending

#### Exercise 9

**2** setting

3 two, Ibrahim

4 excellent/exciting

#### Exercise 10

Students' own answers

#### Exercise 11

Students' own answers

#### Unit 7

Exercise 1

**2** bridge

3 castle

4 hospital

**5** park

6 supermarket/shopping

**7** sports centre

8 (tourist) information centre

#### Exercise 2

**2** ride

**3** drive

4 foot

**5** get

**6** plane

#### Exercise 3

2 have a sandwich

**3** visit friends

4 visit a museum/do some

siahtseeina

**5** go to the beach/visit friends

#### Exercise 4

1 Book 2 check 3 take 4 find

5 buy

#### Exercise 5

2 am going to watch

**3** am going to clean

4 are going to help

**5** Are you going to go

6 am not going to go

**7** is going to visit

8 are going to come over

**9** are you going to help

#### Exercise 6

2 are going

**3** are cleaning

4 are not (aren't) watching

**5** is visiting

6 aren't going

Exercise 7

1 b 2 a 3 c 4 b 5 a 6 c

Exercise 8

Students' own answers

#### Exercise 9

Students' own answers

#### Unit 8

Exercise 1

2 q 3 d 4 a 5 c 6 e 7 f

#### Exercise 2

**2** smartphone

**3** document

**4** screen

5 Save

6 attach

#### Exercise 3

2 I'll move

3 I won't have

**4**1'll be

5 I won't stav

#### Exercise 4

1 safe, quickly

2 urgently

3 well

4 easily

Exercise 5

1 a 2 a 3 d 4 c 5 a

#### Exercise 6

2 will be

**3** will get

Exercise 7

**1** a **2** b

Exercise 8

Students' own answers

#### Exercise 9

Students' own answers

#### Unit 9

#### Exercise 1

do: judo, karate go: climbing, cycling,

swimming

play: hockey, rugby, tennis,

volleyball **Exercise 2 2** goggles **3** gloves

4 trophybathelmet

Exercise 3

2 back 3 bone/s 4 elbow 5 eye

6 finger/s 7 neck 8 shoulder

**9** wrist

#### Exercise 4

2 well3 matter

**4** hurts

**5** temperature **6** sick/ill/bad

7 doctor/hospital

8 better

#### Exercise 5

1 mustn't

2 don't have to

**3** have to **4** mustn't

**5** have to **6** must

Exercise 6

Students' own answers

#### Exercise 7

2 shouldn't/mustn't

**3** have/need

4 head

**5** knees

**6** hands

7 mouth

8 must/should

#### Exercise 8

Students' own answers

#### Unit 10

#### Exercise 1

2 beach 3 valley 4 river

**5** forest **6** lake

#### Exercise 2

2 ducks 3 whale 4 Monkeys

Exercise 3

2 fur 3 wings 6 teeth/jaws

#### Exercise 4

2 sunny

**3** rainy

**4** stormy

**5** cloudy

**6** windy

**7** foggy

#### Exercise 5

2 Have you ever seen

dolphins?

3 Have you ever flown in a

helicopter?

**4** Have you ever volunteered for/on a wildlife project?

#### Exercise 6

Students' own answers

#### Exercise 7

2 just 3 already 4 yet

#### **Exercise 8**

2 've/have just announced

3 'm/am happy for

#### Exercise 9

Students' own answers

#### Exercise 10

Students' own answers

